

Kale

Kale is a well proven highly adaptable fodder crop that consistently provides high yields of succulent green fodder. Previously often cut and fed to housed livestock, it is most commonly utilised in a grazing situation now.

Kale - Caledonian

Highly adaptable fodder crop providing high yields of succulent green fodder

- A well-proven, highly adaptable fodder crop which consistently provides very high yields of succulent green fodder.
- CALEDONIAN is a high yielding kale with good clubroot tolerance. Its huge yield makes it ideal for utilisation by dairy and beef cattle.
- High-yielding giant type kale with potential yield of 18,000kg DM/ha



Potential

- High-yielding giant type kale with potential yield of 18,000kg DM/ha

Advantages

- Excellent tolerance to frost
- Good aphid tolerance
- Very high dry matter yields
- Good winter hardiness
- Good clubroot tolerance

Utilisation: Graze in situ & zero graze

Sowing period: Spring & early summer

Utilisation period: Autumn & winter

Days to maturity: 170-220 days

Sowing rate:

Drilled: 1–2kg/acre (2.5–5kg/ha).

Broadcast: 3kg/acre (7.5kg/ha).

Available in pack sizes of 5kg or 25kg (untreated), 2kg (treated).

- Dairy
- Beef
- Sheep

Specifications

Drilled: 1–2kg/acre
Broadcast: 3kg/acre

(2.5–5kg/ha)
(7.5kg/ha)

Composition

100% Caledonia Kale

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